DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY



COMMANDER IN CHIEF UNITED STATES ATLANTIC FLEET 1562 MITSCHER AVENUE, SUITE 250 NORFOLK, VIRGINA 23551-2487

COMMANDER IN CHIEF UNITED STATES PACIFIC FLEET 250 MAKALAPA DRIVE PEARL HARBOR, HAWAII 96860-3131

IN REPLY REFER TO:

CINCLANTFLT/CINCPACFLTINST 3530.1 N37/N38 **31 Jul 01**

CINCLANTFLT/CINCPACFLT INSTRUCTION 3530.1

Subj: SURFACE SHIP AND SUBMARINE SEAMANSHIP AND NAVIGATION

Ref:

- (a) CNO/CMC joint ltr of 27 Jun 00
- (b) U.S. Navy Regulations, 1990
- (c) OPNAVINST 3120.32C
- (d) CNO WASHINGTON DC 310135Z Jan 01
- (e) COMNAVSURFLANT/COMNAVSURFPAC/COMNAVAIRPAC/COMNAVAIRLANTINST 3530.4A
- (f) COMSUBLANT/COMSUBPACINST 5400.29
- (q) CNO ltr Ser N00/8U5000076 of 17 Mar 98
- (h) OPNAVINST 3100.7B
- (i) OPNAVINST 3530.3B
- (j) OPNAVINST 9420.2
- (k) CINCLANTFLTINST 3140.9A
- (1) CINCPACFLTINST 3140.3A
- (m) OPNAVINST 3140.55
- (n) OPNAVINST 3500.39A

Encl: (1) ISIC Navigation Assessment Qualification Report

- 1. <u>Purpose</u>. To provide Fleet Commander in Chief (CINC) policy and guidance related to the safe navigation of surface ships and submarines, and direction for standard navigational input to common operational shipboard weapons and sensor systems. In addition, this instruction provides guidance on how the fleet will conduct its transition to electronic navigation.
- 2. Applicability. This instruction applies to all surface ships and submarines of the U.S. Atlantic and Pacific Fleets.
- 3. Policy. Basic Navy and Marine Corps position, navigation, and timing policy is defined in reference (a). General shipboard navigation duties and responsibilities are specified in references (b) and (c). Reference (d) establishes OPNAV N096 as Navigator of the Navy to assist in bringing new navigation technologies into the fleet. Specific Type Commander (TYCOM) guidance regarding shipboard navigation is detailed in references

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- (e) and (f). The Surface Ship Navigation Department Organization and Regulations Manual (NAVDORM), reference (e), provides procedural guidance for the safe navigation of surface ships and, as such, will be used to define minimum standards for navigation of surface ships. The Navigation and Operations Department Organization and Regulations Manual (NODORM), reference (f), specifies procedural guidance for the safe navigation of submarines and, as such, defines minimum standards for submarine navigation. The NAVDORM and the NODORM will provide a checklist for ships and submarines to clearly outline steps necessary for the legal use of electronic systems for navigation. The following policy is provided to assist Commanding Officers in carrying out their responsibilities.
- a. <u>General Navigation</u>. The following general navigation guidance is highlighted for emphasis:
- (1) Only Department of Defense (DOD) approved position/navigation systems and software may be used for legal navigation purposes. Other systems, if employed, may only be used as aids to maintain situational awareness.
- (2) Navstar Global Positioning System (GPS), Precise Positioning System (PPS), is the primary external reference system for providing onboard systems with positioning, velocity, and time/time interval data to establish a common geographic reference for fleet operations.
- (3) The DOD standard datum for navigation products (both electronic and paper) is WGS-84. Only National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA) authorized Vector Product Format (VPF) electronic charts may be used with Navy certified Electronic Chart Display and Information Systems (ECDIS-N) for legal navigation without paper charts. Raster product format electronic charts may only be used for situational awareness except when authorized in accordance with paragraph 3i. See reference (g) for ECDIS-N policy. Extreme caution should be used if any electronic chart or DOD positioning source is used with datums other than WGS-84. Navigators must continually monitor navigation products, particularly paper charts, to determine the datum used. If WGS-84 is not used, then the required offsets must be taken into account.
- b. <u>Duties and Responsibilities</u>. The Commanding Officer is responsible for the safe navigation and operation of the ship. TYCOMs shall establish the navigation responsibilities of the Executive Officer, Navigator, and other members of the navigation team, as guided by references (b) and (c). Any variations, by ship class, should be clearly defined.

- c. <u>Training and Qualifications</u>. TYCOMs shall set forth the minimum training and qualification standards for the Navigator and all additional navigation watch standers. TYCOMs shall ensure that each ship's navigation personnel are properly trained in ECDIS-N compliant electronic navigation systems prior to the ship's certification for use of these systems in lieu of paper charts. Formal ECDIS-N training shall be incorporated into standard Fleet navigation training curricula, and be included as part of unit-level navigation training requirements.
- Record keeping. Ship's deck log and bearing books shall be kept in accordance with references (h) and (i). TYCOM quidance shall be followed for any additional record keeping and record retention requirements. Electronic record keeping methods may be employed where legal requirements are satisfied. cases, this will require a write only storage medium and signature capability. For celestial navigation record purposes, the U.S. Naval Observatory's System to Estimate Latitude and Longitude Astronomically (STELLA) program log computer file may replace the Navigation Workbook, or a printed copy of the STELLA log file may be attached to the Navigation Workbook. Retention requirement for these records remains the same as for the manual calculations. The importance of keeping complete, concise, and accurate navigation logs and records cannot be overemphasized. They provide a legal and historical record of the ship's position, movement and employment. In addition to providing the recorded history of the ship, they form the legal record of the ship's business, positioning, and movement. All lessons learned from any incidents at sea should be quickly applied to navigation quidance and widely disseminated to all Commanders/Commanding Officers afloat.
- e. <u>Celestial Navigation</u>. All surface ship and submarines shall maintain personnel proficient in the use of celestial navigation. Celestial navigation will remain a backup capability for other navigation methods. Use of the STELLA celestial navigation program is highly encouraged as it simplifies celestial computations and improves accuracy. This program uses DOD authorized algorithms and data.
- f. Electronic charting requirements. Only systems that are certified in compliance with OPNAVINST 9420.2, reference (j), may be used for legal navigation with electronic charts. NIMA produced and maintained, or NIMA authorized electronic charts, may be used with these systems to replace paper chart requirements. The following additional criteria must be met before electronic charts can legally replace paper charts.

- (1) Digital Nautical Charts (DNC®) database library portfolio and an electronic chart update capability must be fielded by NIMA.
- (2) Unit-level certification must be obtained for ECDIS-N system installation and training/qualification programs. Reference (j), defines system installation certification requirements. TYCOMs shall define initial unit training/qualification crew certification requirements and direct the Immediate Superior In Command (ISIC) to use appropriately trained personnel to conduct navigation team examinations prior to issuing approvals for paperless navigation. Enclosure (1) is provided for use by TYCOMs for ISIC/ship approval to navigate electronically.
- q. Chart allowance and maintenance. Unit map and chart library allowances are as specified in references (k), (l), and (m). Chart currency will be maintained in accordance with TYCOM quidance. All distribution of NIMA paper chart and navigation products is now accomplished through the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA). NIMA produced or NIMA approved charts shall be used for navigation purposes. All surface ships and submarines will receive the complete worldwide CD-ROM DNC® database library portfolio when completed. This portfolio will be corrected electronically using either a correction CD-ROM mailed to the ship, or an online Vector Product Format (VPF) Database Update (VDU) capability now under development at NIMA. DNC® Libraries within the NIMA portfolio are being brought up to date and into routine database maintenance in accordance with priorities established by the U.S. Navy. Ships should review chart requirements and allowances at least annually, and provide any requests for new products or changes to unit allowances to CINCLANTFLT (N37) or CINCPACFLT (N3WX) via the TYCOM.
- h. Safety. There are no operational requirements that can relieve the Commanding Officer of the responsibility of navigating his or her ship in a safe and prudent manner. Principles of good seamanship and common sense shall always apply. While every contingency cannot be discussed, the procedures for handling unplanned and emergent situations should be clear to each member of the navigation team. This should include: Detailed pre and post-navigational briefs to review the duties and responsibilities of each watch stander; procedures for external and internal communications; problems and lessons learned from previous navigation evolutions; and application of Operational Risk Management (ORM), reference (n), during navigation operations. Navigators are advised to maintain visual navigation in addition to GPS, particularly when entering port with large scale DNC® coverage for the first time, rather than

GPS only navigation that is dependent on the geodetic transformation of the chart to WGS-84. Any discrepancies observed shall be reported to NIMA, and the respective TYCOM and CINC.

i. <u>Use of non-NIMA charts</u>. If planning to operate in an area where NIMA coverage is considered inadequate or non-existent, then appropriate non-NIMA charts (e.g. British Admiralty Charts) may be requested from NIMA after coordination with the TYCOMs and CINCs (CLF N37/CPF N3WX). Use of any foreign or domestic chart (paper or digital) for navigation other than NIMA's DNC® must be coordinated with NIMA's Navy Customer Support Division (DFN) and the Maritime Safety Information Center (MSIC) and approved by CLF (N37) or CPF (N3WX). Approval will only be granted when NIMA cannot provide an adequate NIMA chart in time to satisfy the operational requirement.

4. Responsibility

- a. CINCLANTFLT and CINCPACFLT, in coordination with CINUSNAVEUR, COMUSNAVCENT, and the Navigator of the Navy, will maintain oversight of fleet navigation policy guidance and training. The Fleet Directors for Operations (N3s) will act as points of contact for this function.
- b. TYCOMs will maintain current unit-level navigation policy and guidance in concert with Fleet CINC overarching policy quidance.
- c. Ship's Commanding Officers shall execute navigation responsibilities as directed by TYCOM guidance and in accordance with the principles of good seamanship.

5. Action

a. TYCOMs shall maintain procedural instructions for the safe navigation of surface ships and submarines. This guidance will be updated as required. TYCOMs will issue approvals to ISICs/ships for electronic navigation.

b. Afloat Training Group Commanders will support TYCOMs in promoting safe navigation practices.

K. L. FISHER

Deputy and Chief of Staff

U.S. Pacific Fleet

A. H. KONETZNI,

Deputy and Chief of Staff

U. S. Atlantic Fleet

CINCLANTFLT/CINCPACFLTINST 3530.1

31 Jul 01

Distribution: (COMNAVSURFLANT) SNDL Parts 1 and 2 21A1 CINCLANTFLT 26A1 Amphibious Group LANT 26B3 COMNAVSURFRESFOR 26E1 Amphibious Unit LANT 26DD1 Mobile Diving and Salvage Unit DET LANT 28B1 COMWESTHEMGRU and Cruiser Destroyer Group LANT 28C1A COMSURFWARDEVGRU Little Creek VA 28D1 Destroyer Squadron LANT 28J1 Combat Logistics Group and DET LANT 28L1 Amphibious Squadron LANT Guided Missile Cruiser LANT (CG) (CGN) 29A1 29E1 Destroyer LANT (DD) 29F1 Guided Missile Destroyer LANT (DDG) 29AA1 Guided Missile Frigate LANT (FFG) 31 Amphibious Warfare Ship 32 Auxiliary Ships

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Amphibious Assault Ship PAC (LHA) (LPH) 31H2 3112 Dock Landing Ship PAC (LSD) 41 Class USS MT VERNON (LSD 39) only 31J2 31M2 Tank Landing Ship PAC (LST) 31N2 Multi-Purpose Amphibious Assault Ship PAC (LHD) 32A2 Destroyer Tender PAC (AD) Ammunition Ship PAC (AE) 32C2 32G2 Combat Store Ship PAC (AFS) 32H2 Fast Combat Support Ship PAC (AOE) Oiler PAC (AO) 32N2 32Q2 Replenishment Oiler PAC (AOR) 32S2 Repair Ship PAC (AR) 32X2 Salvage Ship PAC (ARS) 32DD2 - Submarine Tender PAC (AS) 32EE2 Submarine Rescue Ship PAC (ASR) 32KK Miscellaneous Command Ship (AGF) (USS CORONADO only) 32QQ2 Salvage and Rescue Ship PAC (ATS) FT35 Amphibious School (Coronado only) FT43 Surface Warfare Officers School Command FT106 Surface Warfare Officers School Pacific Copy to: 21A2 CINCPACFLT 22A2 Fleet Commander PAC 26H2 Fleet Training Group FT24 Fleet Training Center Distribution: (COMNAVAIRLANT/COMNAVAIRPAC) SNDL Parts 1 and 2 21A1 CINCLANTFLT 21A2 CINCPACELT 21A3 CINCUSNAVEUR 22 Fleet Commanders 24A Naval Air Force Commanders 24D Surface Force Commanders 24E Mine Warfare Commanders 24G Submarine Force Commanders 24H Fleet Training Centers 24J Fleet Marine Force Commands 26H2 Afloat Training Group Pacific 26J Afloat Training Group Atlantic 26KKK Tactical Training Group 28A Carrier Groups 28B Cruiser Destroyer groups 29B Aircraft Carriers 42A Fleet Air Commands

Functional Wing Commanders

Carrier Air Wings

42B

42J

CINCLANTFLT/CINCPACFLTINST 3530.1 31 Jul 01 46B Marine Aircraft Wing ΑЗ CNO А3 CNO (N096/N7) FD1 Commander, Naval Meteorology and Oceanography Command, Stennis Space Center NAVAL Oceanographic Office, Stennis Space Center FD2 FD4 Naval Atlantic Meteorology and Oceanography Center, Norfolk FD4 Naval Pacific Meteorology and Oceanography Center, San Diego

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Distribution: (COMSUBLANT/COMSUBPAC)
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26G
        FBM OPTESTSUPPU TWO (2)
26VV
        Submarine Force Representative & Submarine Group Shipyard
        Representative
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        Submarine Group & Squadron
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21A
        CINCLANTFLT, CINCPACFLT, CINCUSNAVEUR
Α3
        CNO (879)
FF5
       NAVSAFECEN
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ISIC Navigation Assessment Qualification Report

ADMINISTRATIVE MESSAGE

NNNN

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ROUTINE
R XXXXXXZ DEC 01
FM COMPHIBGRU TWO
TO COMNAVSURFLANT NORFOLK VA//N3/N6/N8//
USS SHIP
INFO CNO WASHINGTON DC//N096/N63/N633//
CINCLANTFLT NORFOLK VA//N3/N37/N435/N66/N72//
COMSECONDFLT
COMAFLOATRAGRULANT NORFOLK VA//00/01//
COMAFLOATRAGRU NORFOLK VA//N3//
UNCLAS //N03530//
MSGID/GENADMIN/COMPHIBGRU TWO/-/JAN//
SUBJ/USS SHIP (HULL NUMBER) NAVIGATION ASSESSMENT QUALIFICATION
REPORT//
REF/A/DOC/OPNAV/15FEB01//
REF/B/GENADMIN/SPAWAR/XXXXXXZMMMYY//
REF/C/DOC/CNSL-CNSP/17DEC99//
REF/D/DOC/CNSL-CNSP-CNAP-CNAL/12MAR99//
REF/E/DOC/CINCLANTFLT-CINCPACFLT/DDMMMYY//
AMPN/REF A IS OPNAVINST 9420.2 (ECDIS-N CERTIFICATION INST). REF
B IS SPAWAR NAVCERT MSG. REF C IS CNSL-CNSPINST 3502.2E
(SURFTRAMAN). REF D IS CNSL-CNSP-CNAP-CNALINST 3530.4A (NAVDORM).
REF E IS CINCLANTFLT-CINCPACFLT INST 3530.1 (SURFACE SHIP AND
SUBMARINE SEAMANSHIP AND NAVIGATION INST).//
RMKS/1. IAW REF A, USS SHIP NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT CERTIFICATION
WAS COMPLETED ON XX NOV 01 AND IS DOCUMENTED AS REF B.
2. IAW REFS C AND D, A CREW PROFICIENCY NAVIGATION ASSESSMENT WAS
COMPLETED ON XX DEC 01. DETAILS OF THE ASSESSMENT WERE DISCUSSED
WITH THE COMMANDING OFFICER.
3. IAW REF E, USS SHIP IS AUTHORIZED FOR UNRESTRICTED NAVIGATION
OPERATIONS INCLUDING USE OF ECDIS-N.//
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